

CONFIDENTIAL RETURN TO CIA

FLD
515

CLASSIFICATION SECRET -CONTROL/US OFFICIALS ONLY		LIBRARY
COUNTRY. Soviet Zone of Germany	REPORT NO. [REDACTED]	
TOPIC Military Information from Potsdam		
25X1X	25X1A	
EVALUATION [REDACTED]	PLACE OF [REDACTED]	
DATE OF CONTENT [REDACTED]		
DATE OBTAINED 25X	DATE PREPARED [REDACTED]	
REFERENCES [REDACTED]	[REDACTED] 25X1X	
PAGES 3	ENCLOSURES (NO. & TYPE) [REDACTED]	
REMARKS		
25X1X		

25X1A

1. The sixty temporary wooden barracks 4 x 10 meters in Koenigswald about 50 meters from the shore of the lake, were empty and unguarded on 3 Jan 1950. (1)
2. Ten crews of one officer and 10 soldiers each held rowing exercises with 10 pontoons near Koenigswald on 9 June 1950. (2)
3. Drivers were trained on 10 prime movers at Koenigswald on 8 June 1950.
4. Seven 37-mm AA guns were emplaced on Stahnsdorfer-Strasse on 12 June 1950. Four guns of about 150 mm caliber had last been observed emplaced there. (3)
5. A convoy of 30 trucks with numbers of the 9-84-xx and 9-85-xx series, including trucks 9-84-02, 9-84-24, 9-84-36, 9-84-50 and 9-85-39, coming from the direction of Doeberitz, moved along the highway to Leipzig on 12 June 1950. Another convoy of 20 trucks, including trucks 9-80-10, 9-80-15, 9-80-20, 9-80-30 and 9-80-56, came from the direction of Doeberitz and proceeded toward Leipzig on 15 June 1950. Trucks 9-81-20, 9-81-24 and 9-81-36, coming from the direction of Leipzig, moved toward Doeberitz on 16 June 1950. (4)
6. Forty MM, of the 1924 and 25 classes, from the Delius Kaserne, were shipped to the U.S.S.R. for discharge on 12 June 1950. Seventy 18 to 19-year-old recruits arrived at the Delius Kaserne on 13 June 1950. (5)
7. No artillery drill was observed with the artillery unit between 12 and 23 June 1950. The recruits were undergoing infantry training.
8. Documents found in a classroom of the barracks on 15 June 1950 included: a schedule for the training of signal troops in line construction, transmission of messages and artillery orders, establishment of telephone stations in the field, which were approved by Gds Lieutenant Kolysov, (fnu), CO of a headquarters platoon, dated March 1950; and a letter dated 19 April 1950, presumably written in the Tartar language.

CONFIDENTIAL

CLASSIFICATION ~~SECRET~~-CONTROL/US OFFICIALS ONLY

This document is hereby regraded to CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with the letter of 16 October 1978 from the Director of Central Intelligence to the Archivist of the United States.

Approved For Release 1999/09/09 : CIA-RDP82-00457R00050002-2

Next Review Date: 2008

Document No. 52
No Change in Class
Declassified
Class. Changed To IS S C
Auth. [REDACTED]
Date 22 Oct 78
By: 034

CONFIDENTIAL

~~SECRET-CONTROL/US OFFICIALS ONLY~~

2

25X1X

9. On 22 June 1950 a workman employed by the engineer unit in the Delius Kaserne said that 150 EM of the unit had left for training on the Elbe River, that 150 EM were in Koenigswald, and that 50 EM remained as a guard detail in the barracks. (1)
10. On 20 June 1950 the ration strength in the Ludendorff Kaserne was 123 officers, excluding married officers, and 628 EM. A conference was held there on 22 and 23 June 1950, attended by two generals and field officers. About 45 passenger cars, trucks and buses with numbers of the B 6-85-xx, F 8-52-xx, F 9-81-xx and F 9-83-xx series were parked in front of the installation. (6)
11. The ration strength in the Hohenlone Kaserne on 20 June 1950 was 260 officers and 640 EM. (6)
12. Officers belonging to the tribunal, or highest Soviet court of justice for both Germans and Soviets, were billeted in the officers' hotel in the Kriegsschule (officer candidate school) on Pappelallee, where the tribunal has also been located since early May 1950. It had APN 32451. (7)
13. Four AT guns of about 60 mm caliber, four AA guns of unknown caliber, and six mortars of about 80 mm caliber were observed north of Ruinenberg on 17 June 1950. A nearby tent was used as an improvised classroom for soldiers who wore red-bordered black epaulets. The trainees in the Kriegsschule (officer candidate school) were instructed on the weapons mentioned. A close-combat training field was being established north of the school. The instructors and equipment came from the AAA unit in the Hohenlone Kaserne, while the guard detail came from the Kriegsschule. (6)
14. On 18 June 1950 a signal unit was observed to be quartered in the former gun repair shop bordering on Medlitzerstrasse, Vogelweide and Am Reiterbusch. Radio cars and trucks with numbers of the F 8-56-xx series were seen. (9)
15. The Kriegsschule between Bornstedt and Medlitz was occupied on 14 June 1950 by 1,000 to 1,200 officers, most of them wearing artillery, tank and supply insignia. Sentries wore red epaulets. A biplane, and about 20 nearby tents, each with a capacity of 8 to 10 men, were in the area west of the Kriegsschule. About 15 officers near the tents were instructed in map reading. No motor vehicles were observed. (10)
16. On 14 June 1950 the Krampnitz barracks were occupied to capacity by about 1,200 troops wearing red-bordered black epaulets, some with artillery insignia. Three 80-mm mortars, two armored scout cars and motor vehicles B 2-54-46, C 2-70-83, F 3-09-71, F 3-21-81, F 7-46-92, F 8-52-99 and F 8-63-05 were observed. (11)

Comments.

- (1) In late March 1950, engineer units, belonging to the engineer brigade or regiment in the Delius Kaserne, according to their motor vehicle numbers, had been observed by another source in Koenigswald, a forest on the eastern shore of Jungfern Lake opposite Medlitz. The temporary barracks may occasionally be used by engineer units.
- (2) The soldiers observed rowing presumably belonged to the engineer unit in the Delius Kaserne, elements of which were still at the post in June 1950, according to the latest reports.

CONFIDENTIAL

~~SECRET-CONTROL/US OFFICIALS ONLY~~

CONFIDENTIAL

~~SECRET~~-CONTROL/US OFFICIALS ONLY 25X1X
3 7

25X1X

25X1X

- (3) [REDACTED] by the same source.
- (4) Truck convoys of GCHQ units of the GDFG, according to their motor vehicle numbers. Since truck convoys also belonging to GCHQ units were seen driving toward Leipzig by the same source in late May 1950, they may have been motor transport convoys on routine supply runs. See (Mil) [REDACTED] 25X1X
- (5) The departure of older soldiers due for demobilization, and the arrival of replacements, was also observed at the Delius Kaserne by the same source between 10 May and 6 June 1950. [REDACTED]
- (6) The ration strengths reported in the Ludendorff Kaserne and the Hohenlohe Kaserne confirm the previous assumption that some of the troops stationed there, i.e. artillery units and AA units of the 2d Gds AAA Div of the GDFG, were still at the post in June 1950. [REDACTED] 25X1X
- (7) This is the first information on the Soviet tribunal in the "Kriegsschule" and also the first mention of APN 32451.
- (8) The information confirms and supplements a report by another source. See (Mil) [REDACTED]
- (9) Reported for the first time.
- (10) The information confirms data of 4 June 1950, stating that courses for officer candidates and officers were held at the Kriegsschule. See (Mil) [REDACTED]
- (11) The Krampitz 25X1X barracks were also occupied by about 1,000 troops in mid-May 1950. [REDACTED] Some elements of the units of the 10th Gds Tank Div stationed there may have gone to a troop training grounds.

25X1A

25X1X

CONFIDENTIAL

~~SECRET~~-CONTROL/US OFFICIALS ONLY